# Confidentiality or non-disclosure agreements

ISO 27002 Control 6.6

#### Control

Confidentiality or non-disclosure agreements reflecting the organization's needs for the protection of information should be identified, documented, regularly reviewed and signed by personnel and other relevant interested parties

### **Purpose**

To maintain confidentiality of information accessible by personnel or external parties





# Why is it important?

- CDAs/NDAs protect the organization's information and assets (including trade secrets and IP) using legally binding terms
- They clearly inform signatories of their specific responsibility to protect, use, and disclose information in an authorized manner

## How to implement it?

- Identify, document, and require relevant parties to sign CDAs/NDAs
- Determine the terms based on the type, classification level, and permissible use of information
- Regularly review the agreements periodically and when changes occur that influence the requirements
- Ensure compliance with the jurisdiction to which the agreements apply
- Agreements should be reviewed periodically and when changes occur that influence requirements





# What are the main concepts behind it?

- Confidentiality or non-disclosure agreements (CDAs/NDAs)
- Confidential information
- Intellectual property
- Legal enforceability
- Jurisdiction compliance

#### Link with other frameworks

- NIST 800-53 rev5 : PS-6
- NIST CSF 2.0 : NA

